

Unit 1 - Transformations Review

Name: Key →

Translation: object moves a certain distance and direction (slide)

Reflection: move across a line, mirror image (flip)

Rotation: move about a point a given degree (turn)

Dilation: change the size of an object (resize)

When doing all transformations we always start with the pre-image points A, B, C ... and then we plot the image points A', B', C' ... (We call A - prime)

When a pre-image is translated, rotated, and reflected it is congruent to the image.

*** Dilations do not produce congruent images.

Describe the following Transformations:

$(x,y) \rightarrow (x+6, y-4)$ Right 6, Down 4 CONGRUENT or NOT CONGRUENT

$(x,y) \rightarrow (x-2, y+1)$ Left 2, Up 1 CONGRUENT or NOT CONGRUENT

$(x,y) \rightarrow (2x, 2y)$ Dilate by 2! CONGRUENT or NOT CONGRUENT

$(x,y) \rightarrow (x+7, y+6)$ Right 7, Up 6 CONGRUENT or NOT CONGRUENT

$(x,y) \rightarrow (x-8, y-9)$ Left 8 Down 9 CONGRUENT or NOT CONGRUENT

$(x,y) \rightarrow (\frac{1}{2}x, \frac{1}{2}y)$ Dilate by 1/2 CONGRUENT or NOT CONGRUENT

Anytime you multiply → NOT Congruent

If we want to undo a transformation, we want to do the opposite operations!

Undo the following Transformations:

$(x,y) \rightarrow (x+6, y-4)$ to undo.... $(x,y) \rightarrow (x-6, y+4)$

$(x,y) \rightarrow (x-2, y+1)$ to undo.... $(x,y) \rightarrow (x+2, y-1)$

$(x,y) \rightarrow (2x, 2y)$ to undo.... $(x,y) \rightarrow (\frac{1}{2}x, \frac{1}{2}y)$

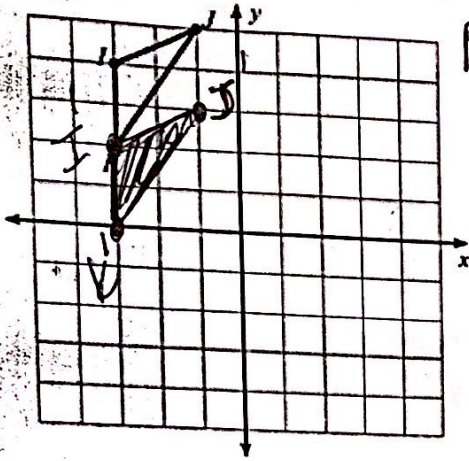
$(x,y) \rightarrow (x+7, y+6)$ to undo.... $(x,y) \rightarrow (x-7, y-6)$

$(x,y) \rightarrow (x-8, y-9)$ to undo.... $(x,y) \rightarrow (x+8, y+9)$

$(x,y) \rightarrow (\frac{1}{2}x, \frac{1}{2}y)$ to undo.... $(x,y) \rightarrow (2x, 2y)$

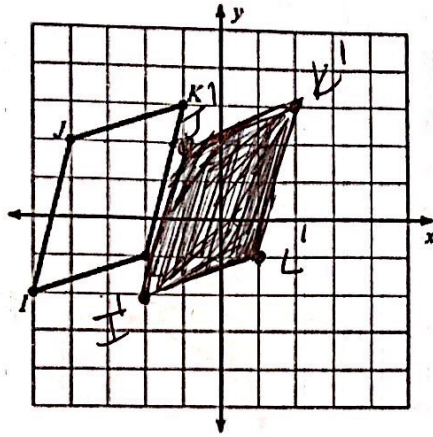
Graph the image of the figure using the transformation given.

1) translation: $(x, y) \rightarrow (x, y - 2)$



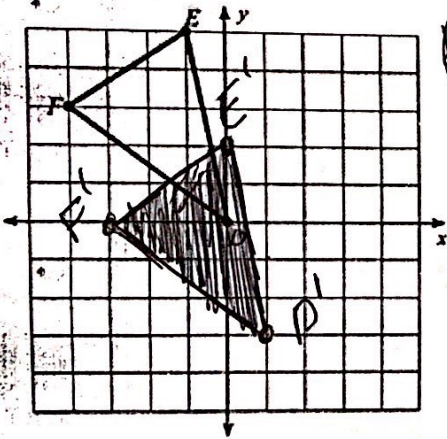
DOWN 2

2) translation: $(x, y) \rightarrow (x + 3, y)$



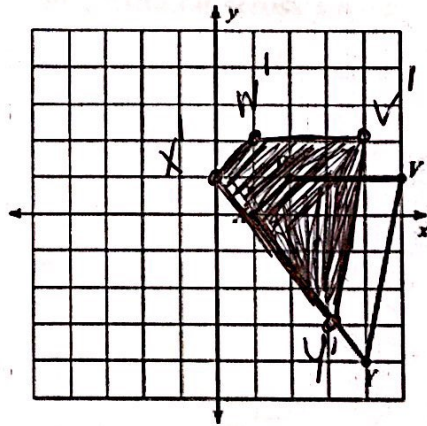
Right 3

3) translation: $(x, y) \rightarrow (x + 1, y - 3)$



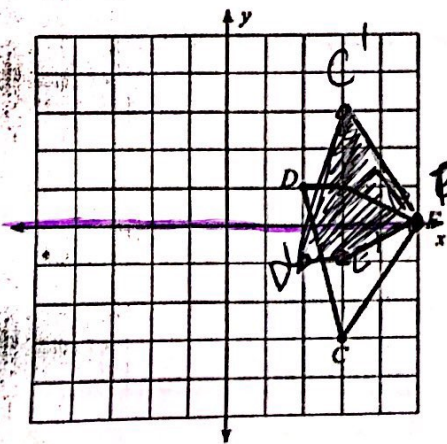
Right 1
DOWN 3

4) translation: $(x, y) \rightarrow (x - 1, y + 1)$



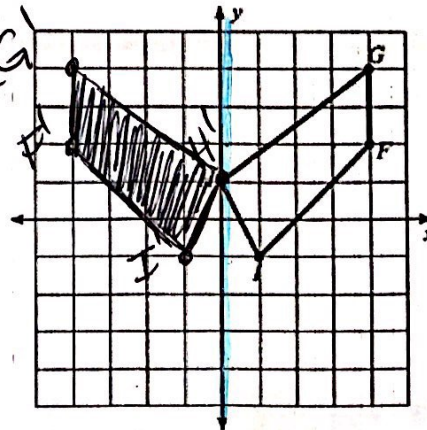
Left 1
UP 1

5) reflection across the x-axis



*Same Distance from line of reflection

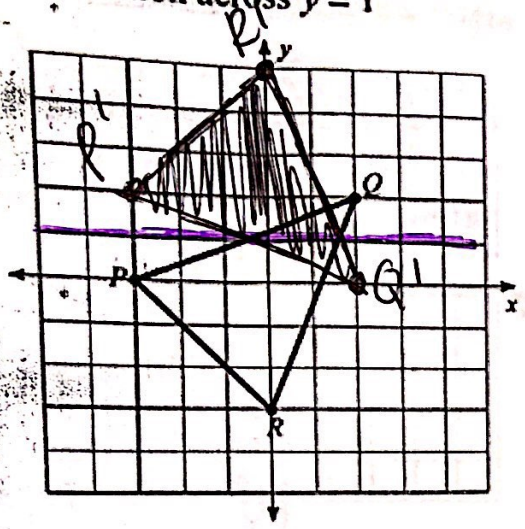
6) reflection across the y-axis



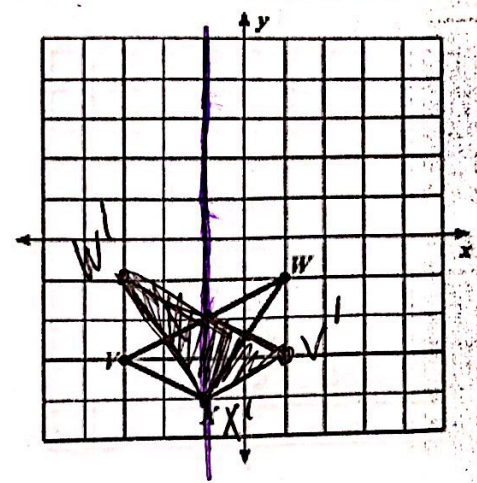
Unit 1 - Transformations Review

Name: _____

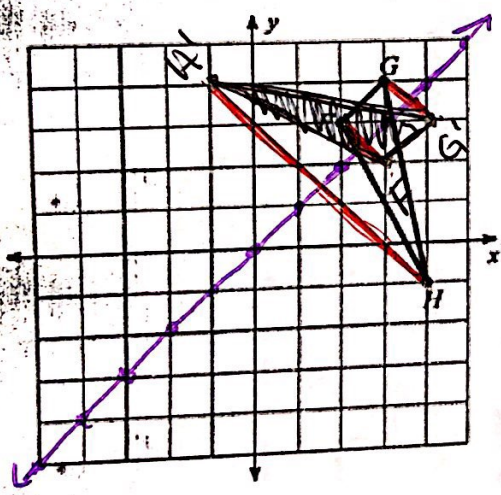
7) reflection across $y = 1$



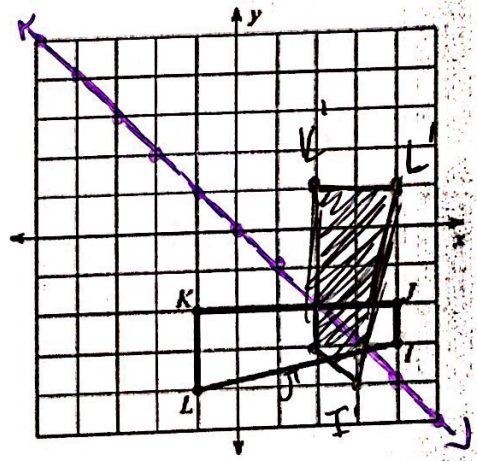
8) reflection across $x = -1$



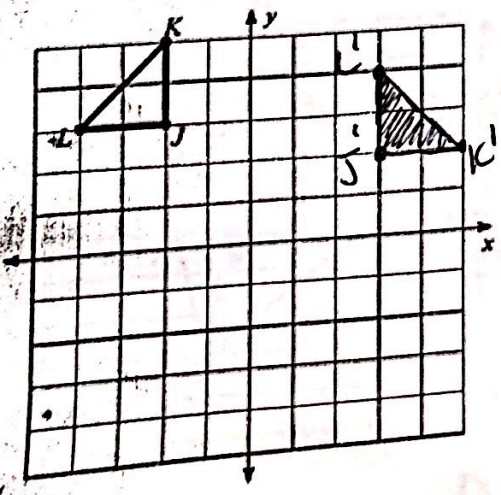
9) reflection across $y = x$



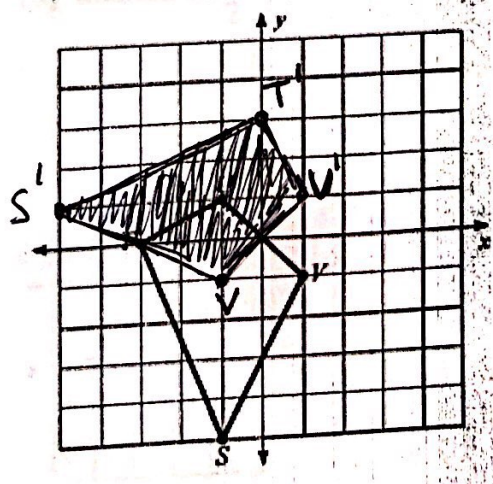
10) reflection across $y = -x$



11) rotation 90° clockwise about the origin

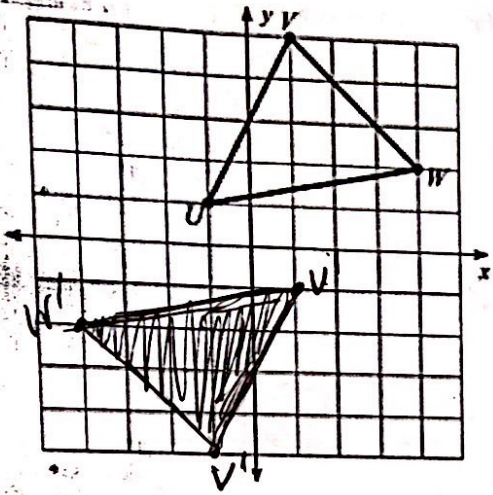


12) rotation 90° clockwise about the origin

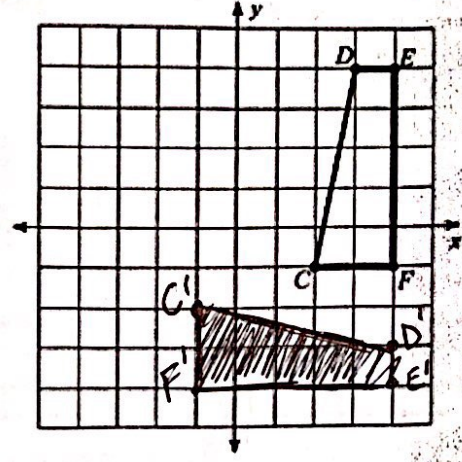


Name: _____

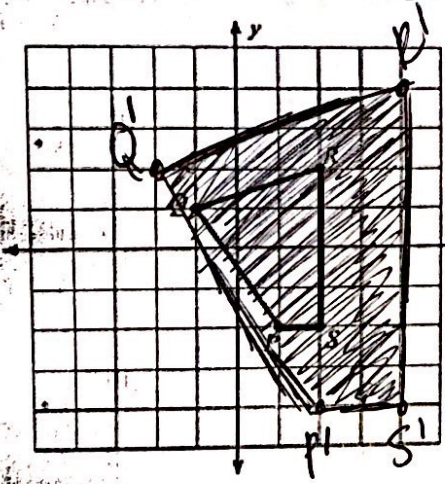
13) rotation 180° about the origin



14) rotation 90° clockwise about the origin

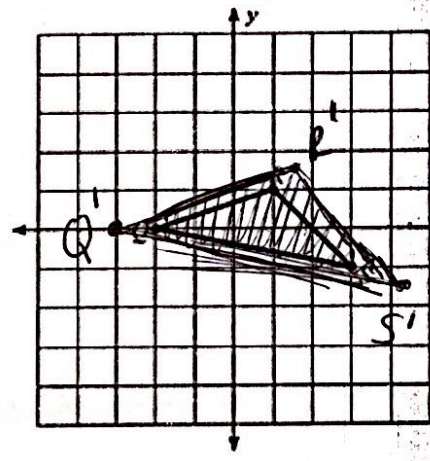


15) dilation of 2 about the origin



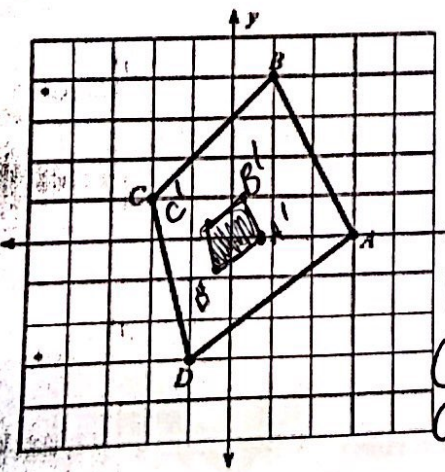
- Q(-1, 1)
- Q'(-2, 2)
- R(2, 2)
- R'(4, 4)
- P(1, -2)
- P'(2, -4)
- S(2, -2)
- S'(4, -4)

16) dilation of 1.5 about the origin



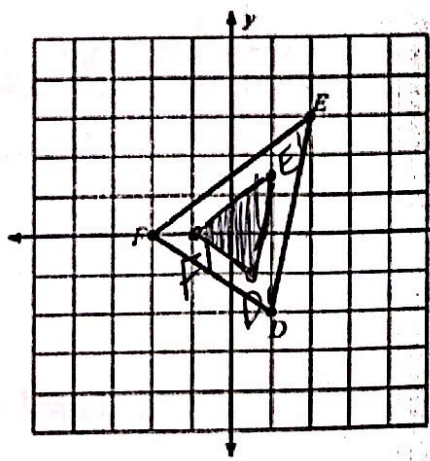
- Q(-2, 0)
- Q'(3, 0)
- R(1, 1)
- R'(1.5, 1.5)
- S(3, 1)
- S'(4.5, 1.5)

17) dilation of 0.25 about the origin



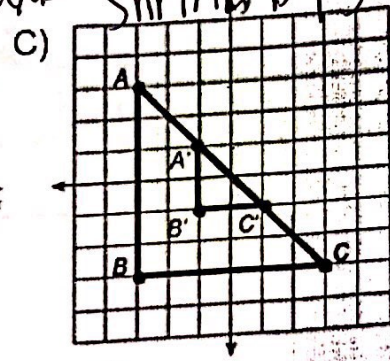
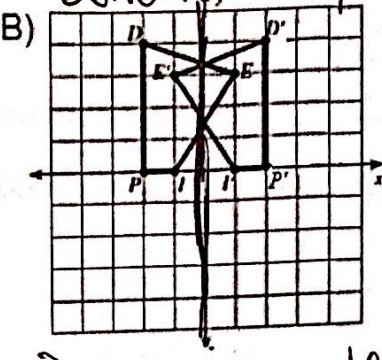
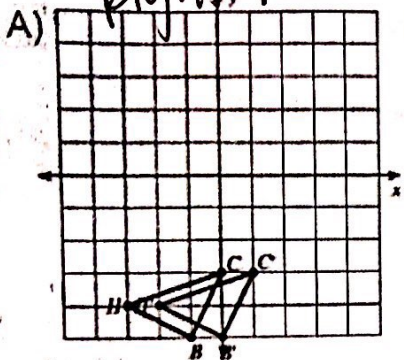
- A(3, 0)
- A'(0.75, 0)
- B(1, 4)
- B'(0.25, 1)
- C(-2, 1)
- C'(-0.5, 0.25)
- D(-1, -3)
- D'(-0.25, -0.75)

18) dilation of 1/2 about the origin

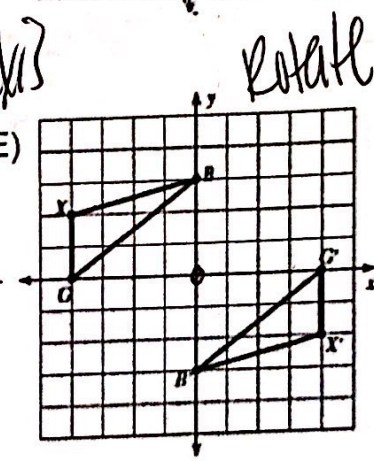
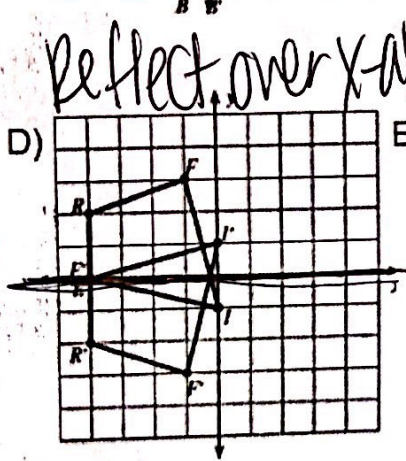


- E(2, 3)
- E'(1, 1.5)
- F(2, 0)
- F'(1, 0)
- D(1, -2)
- D'(0.5, -1)

19) Label each type of transformation below. Be specific! State directions, degrees (rotations), and lines of reflections.



*A(3, 3)
A'(1, 1)
B(-3, -3)
B'(-1, -1)
C(3, -3)
C'(1, -1)*



What is Rotational Symmetry:

when a shape can be rotated onto itself

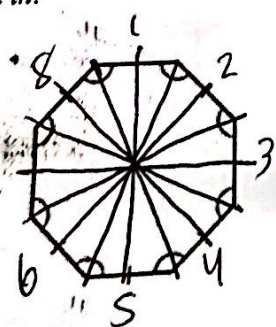
Smallest Angle of Rotational Symmetry =

$\frac{360}{\# \text{ of sides}}$

What is a Line of Symmetry

a line a shape can be reflected onto itself equal to the number of sides

Find the smallest angle of rotational symmetry, additional angles and lines of symmetry for the following figures: Draw them in!



Shape Name: Octagon

Smallest Angle: $\frac{360}{8} = 45^\circ$

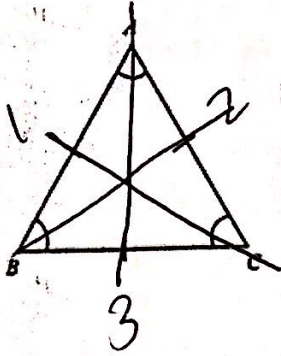
Other Angles: 45, 90, 135, 180, 225, 270, 315, 360

Lines of Symmetry: 8

1. Transformations Review

Name: _____

2.



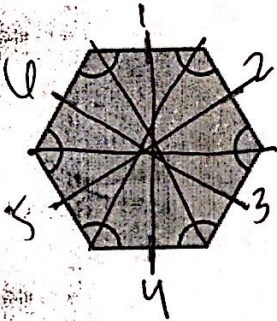
Shape Name: Triangle

Smallest Angle: $360/3 = 120^\circ$

Other Angles: 120, 240, 360

Lines of Symmetry: 3

3.



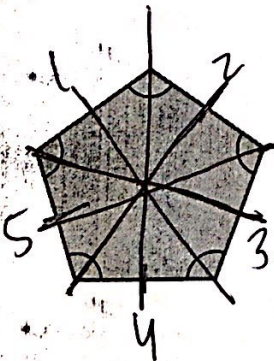
Shape Name: Hexagon

Smallest Angle: $360/6 = 60^\circ$

Other Angles: 60, 120, 180, 240, 300, 360

Lines of Symmetry: 6

4.



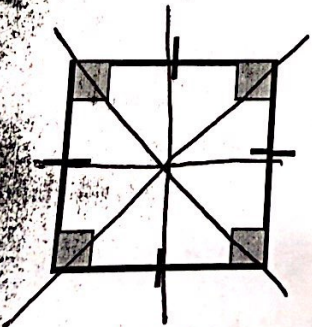
Shape Name: Pentagon

Smallest Angle: $360/5 = 72^\circ$

Other Angles: 72, 144, 216, 288, 360

Lines of Symmetry: 5

5.



Shape Name: Square

Smallest Angle: $360/4 = 90$

Other Angles: 90, 180, 270, 360

Lines of Symmetry: 4